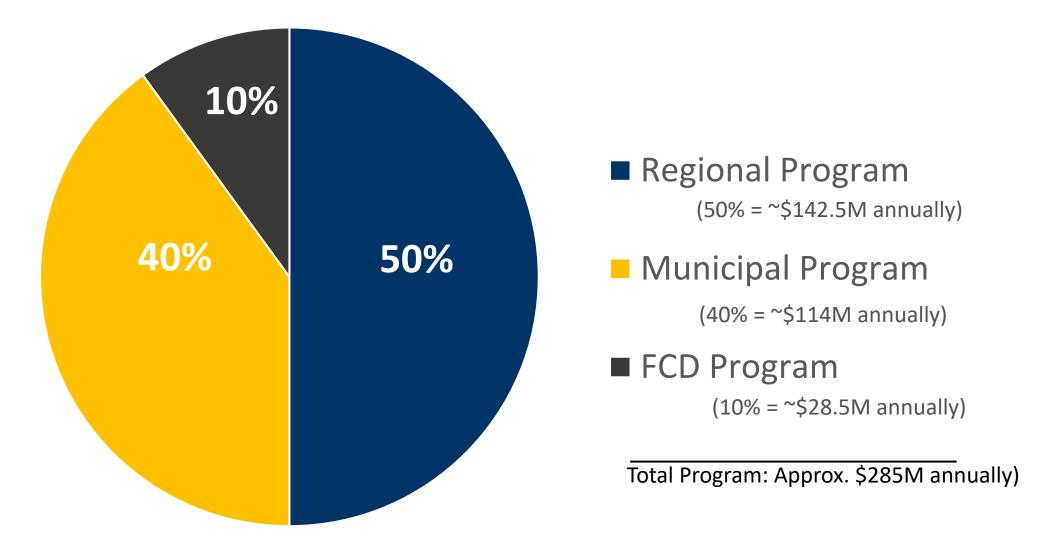
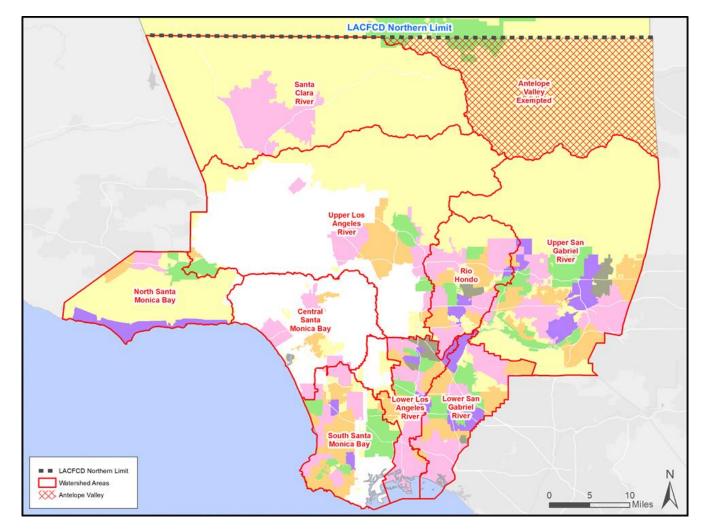
SAFE CLEAN WATER PROGRAM

Safe, Clean Water Program Fund Allocation



Regional Program

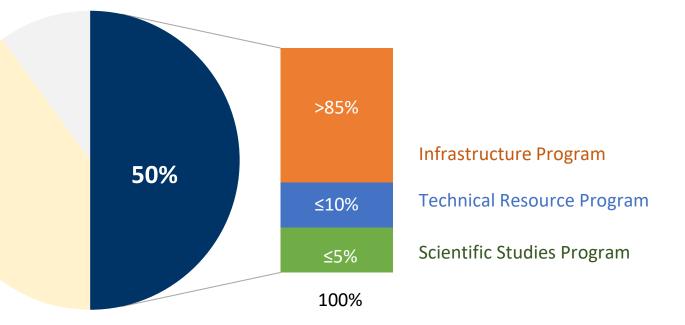


WATERSHED AREA	ANNUAL RETURN*		
Central Santa Monica Bay	\$17.42 Million		
Lower Los Angeles River \$12.72 Million			
Lower San Gabriel River \$16.56 Millie			
North Santa Monica Bay	\$1.83 Million		
Rio Hondo	\$11.49 Million		
Santa Clara River	\$5.87 Million		
South Santa Monica Bay	\$17.58 Million		
Upper Los Angeles River	\$38.44 Million		
Upper San Gabriel River	\$18.78 Million		

*2020-21 Regional Tax Return Estimates

50% Program revenue





Not less than 85%: Infrastructure Program

• To implement Multi-Benefit watershed-based Projects

Up to 10% Technical Resource Program

- To provide resources for the development of Feasibility Studies through support from Technical Assistance Teams
- To provide Watershed Coordinators to educate and build capacity in communities and facilitate community and stakeholder engagement

Up to 5%: Scientific Studies

• To provide funding for eligible scientific and other activities

Regional Program-Infrastructure Program



Project Applicants:

- Any entity with a completed Feasibility Study
 - Feasibility Studies funded by Technical Resource Program
- Requires Municipal sponsors (MOU)

Safe Clean Water Project Scoring Website:

https://portal.safecleanwaterla.org/projectsmodule/application

Projects and Activities:

- Multi-benefit
- Watershed-based
- Water Quality Benefit plus either or both...
 - Water Supply Benefit
 - Community Investments Benefit
- Projects to be included in an approved water quality plan such as E/WMP, IRWM, and others

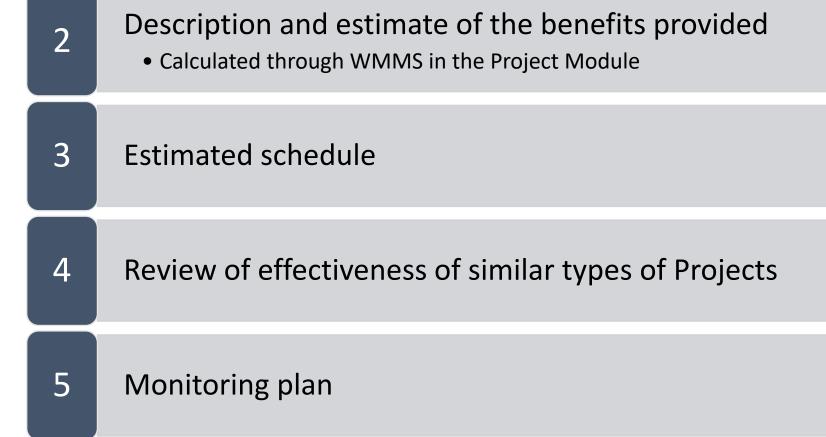
50%

 Design, construction, land acquisition, O&M, programs, and other eligible activities

Infrastructure Program - 19 Feasibility Study Requirements

1 Detailed description of the proposed Project

P. 47 in SCW Handbook



Infrastructure Program - 19 Feasibility Study Requirements

Lifecycle cost estimate and schedule

• Calculated in the Project Module. Must include ALL project costs.

7 O&M Plan

Engineering analysis

• E.g. soil sampling, geotechnical investigations, hydrology report, etc.

9

10

8

6

Potential CEQA-related and permitting challenges

• Include associated time requirements and cost.

Letter of support from the Municipality

• Must include concurrence with the plan for O&M



Infrastructure Program- 19 Feasibility Study Requirements

11 Outreach/engagement Plan

12 Comply with any County-wide displacement goals



Vector Minimization Plan

• Recommend review by local vector control district

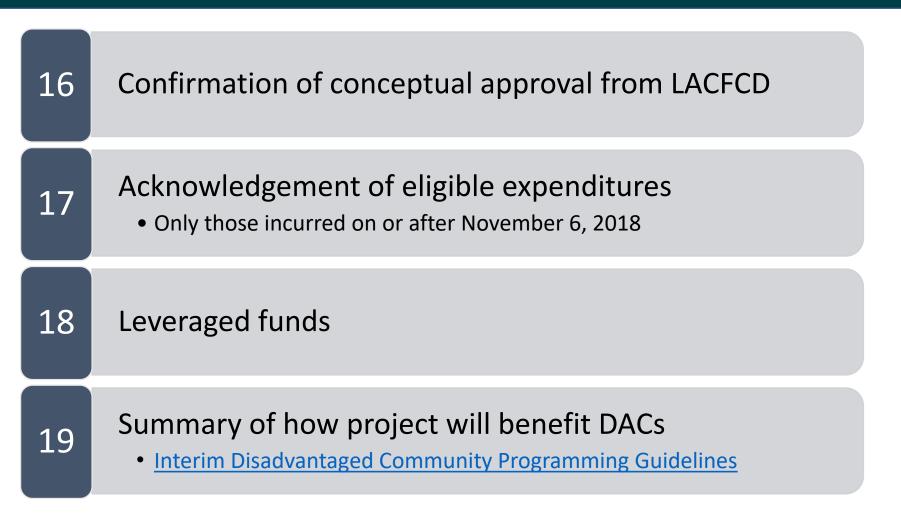


Description of how Nature-Based Solutions are utilized

Interim Nature-Based Solutions Programming Guidelines

15 Summary of any legal requirements or obligations

Infrastructure Program- 19 Feasibility Study Requirements



Refer to Feasibility Study Guidelines at SafeCleanWaterLA.org for more information

Infrastructure Program-Project Scoring Criteria

50%

All Regional Program Projects must meet the

Threshold Score of 60 points or more.

	Section	Score Range
P. 54 in	A.1 Wet + Dry Weather Water Quality Benefits	50 points max
SCW	-OR-	
Handbook	A.2 Dry Weather Only Water Quality Benefits	40 points max
	B. Significant Water Supply Benefits	25 points max
	C. Community Investments Benefits	10 points max
	D. Nature-Based Solutions	15 points max
	E. Leveraging Funds and Community Support	10 points max
	TOTAL	110 points

Scoring Criteria – Water Quality Benefits

A.1	50 points max	The Project provides water quality benefits	5		Point thresholds &
Wet + Dry Weather Water Quality Benefits	20 points max	 A.1.1: For Wet Weather BMPs Only: Water Quality Cost Effectiveness (Cost Effectiveness) = (24-hour BMP Capacity)¹ / (Capital Cost in \$Millions) <0.4 (acre feet capacity / \$-Million) = 0 points 0.4-0.6 (acre feet capacity / \$-Million) = 7 points 0.6-0.8 (acre feet capacity / \$-Million) = 11 points 0.8-1.0 (acre feet capacity / \$-Million) = 14 points >1.0 (acre feet capacity / \$-Million) = 20 points 		b	quations determined ased on an extensive takeholder review of projects
		¹ . Management of the 24-hour event is considered the maximum capacity of a Project for a 24-hour period. For water quality focused Projects, this would typically be the 85 th percentile design storm capacity. Units are in acre-feet (AF).			
	30 points max	A.1.2: For Wet Weather BMPs Only: Water Quality Benefit - Quantify the pollutant reduction (i.e. concentration, load, exceedance day, etc.) for a class of pollutants using a similar analysis as the E/WMP which uses the Districts Watershed Management Modeling System (WMMS). The analysis should be an average percent reduction comparing influent and effluent for the class of pollutant over a ten-year period showing the impact of the Project. Modeling should include the latest performance data to reflect the efficiency of the BMP type.	$\left \right\rangle$	•	Any projects
- OR -		Primary Class of PollutantsSecond or More Classes of Pollutant• >50% = 15 points• >50% = 5 points• >80%= 20 points (20 Points Max)• >80%= 10 points (10 Points Max)		•	Projects designed for 0.25-inch rain
A.2 Dry Weather	20 points	A.2.1: For dry weather BMPs only, Projects must be designed to capture, infiltrate, treat and release, or divert 100% (unless infeasible or prohibited for habitat, etc) of all tributary dry weather flows.			events or below.
Only Water Quality Benefits	20 points max	 A.2.2: For Dry Weather BMPs Only. Tributary Size of the Dry Weather BMP <200 Acres = 10 points >200 Acres = 20 points 	}	 Must capture, infiltrate, or diver 	

100% dry weather

flows.

Scoring Criteria – Section A1.2

Potential modeling metrics for analysis of long-term pollutant reduction

Long-term pollutant reduction can be calculated in the Project Module through the Watershed Management Modeling System (WMMS).

www.lacountywmms.com

		Pick Any One Primary Pollutant Class and Any One Secondary Pollutant Class			
Pollutant Class	Pollutant Name	Method 1 (% Concentration Reduction)	Method 2 (% Load Reduction)	Method 3 (% Exceedance Day Reduction)	
	Bacteria	✓	✓	✓	
	Metals	✓	✓		
Primary or Secondary	Toxics		✓		
Secondary	Nutrients	✓	✓		
	Chloride	✓	✓		
	Trash		✓	✓	
	Bacteria	✓	✓	✓	
Secondary	Metals	✓	✓		
	Toxics		✓		
	Nutrients	✓	✓		
	Chloride	✓	✓		

Notes:

-The Secondary Pollutant Class includes all primary pollutants with the addition of trash (NOTE: the primary pollutant class cannot be the same as the secondary pollutant class).

-Primary and secondary pollutants are pollutants subject to TMDLs for the nearby downstream receiving waters of the project. -Secondary pollutants may also include 303(d)-listed pollutants and pollutants that have been subject to exceedances during recent monitoring programs.

-Trash is not considered a valid primary pollutant. For estimate of trash reduction, the analysis can demonstrate equivalence with the Full Capture System definition for 100% reduction.

Scoring Criteria – Water Supply Benefits

В.	25 points max	The Project provides water re-use and/or water supply enhancement benefits
Significant Water Supply Benefits	13 points max	 B1. Water Supply Cost Effectiveness. The Total Life-Cycle Cost² per unit of acre foot of Stormwater and/or Urban Runoff volume captured for water supply is: >\$2500/ac-ft = 0 points \$2,000-2,500/ac-ft = 3 points \$1500-2,000/ac-ft = 6 points \$1000-1500/ac-ft = 10 points \$1000-1500/ac-ft = 10 points <\$1000/ac-ft = 13 points <\$1000/ac-ft = 13 points 2. Total Life-Cycle Cost: The annualized value of all Capital, planning, design, land acquisition, construction, and total life O&M costs for the Project for the entire life span of the Project (e.g. 50-year design life span should account for 50-years of O&M). The annualized cost is used over the present value to provide a preference to Projects with longer life spans.
	12 points max	B2. Water Supply Benefit Magnitude. The yearly additional water supply volume resulting from the Project is: • <25 ac-ft/year = 0 points • 25 - 100 ac-ft/year = 2 points • 100 - 200 ac-ft/year = 5 points • 200 - 300 ac-ft/year = 9 points • >300 ac-ft/year = 12 points

Typically for spreading facilities or diversions to sanitary sewer for recycled water

Scoring Criteria – Community Investments Benefits

Section	Score Range	Scoring Standards
С.	10 points max	The Project provides Community Investment Benefits
Community Investments Benefits	10 points	 C1. Project includes: One of the Community Investment Benefits identified below = 2 points Three distinct Community Investment Benefits identified below = 5 points Six distinct Community Investment Benefits identified below = 10 points Community Investment Benefits include: Improved flood management, flood conveyance, or flood risk mitigation Creation, enhancement, or restoration of parks, habitat, or wetlands Improved public access to waterways Enhanced or new recreational opportunities Greening of schools Reducing local heat island effect and increasing shade Increasing the number of trees increase and/or other vegetation at the site location that will increase carbon reduction/sequestration and improve air quality.

Explanation must include supporting analysis and information

Scoring Criteria – Nature-Based Solutions

D.	15 points max	The Project implements Nature-Based Solutions
Nature-Based Solutions	15 points	 D1. Project: Implements natural processes or mimics natural processes to slow, detain, capture, and absorb/infiltrate water in a manner that protects, enhances and/or restores habitat, green space and/or usable open space = 5 points Utilizes natural materials such as soils and vegetation with a preference for native vegetation = 5 points Removes Impermeable Area from Project (1 point per 20% paved area removed) = 5 points

If Nature-Based Solutions are not utilized, include an explanation, with supporting analysis and information, of why it is not feasible to do so.

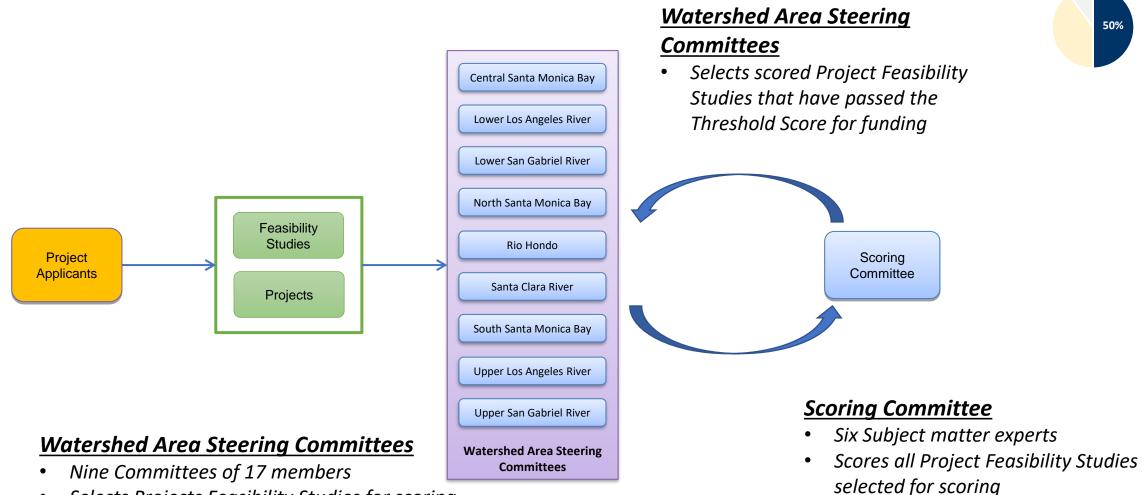
Refer to Interim Nature-Based Solutions Programming Guidelines

Scoring Criteria – Leveraging Funds

Ε.	10 points max	The Project achieves one or more of the following:
Leveraging Funds and Community Support	Funds and Community 6 points max • >25% Funding Matched = 3 points • >50% Funding Matched = 6 points	
	4 points	E2. The Project demonstrates strong local, community-based support and/or has been developed as part of a partnership with local NGOs/CBOs.

Other funding sources could include funds from the SCW Municipal Program

Infrastructure Program - Process



- Selects Projects Feasibility Studies for scoring ٠
- Staff support provided by the District •

Staff support provided by the District ٠

50%